

(SRI T. MARIAPPA)

down in the same order that where it falls short of the interim relief, the interim relief shall be protected and shall be treated as personal pay. This interim relief has been protected and the emoluments of the Government servants who have opted to new scales, are not less than the emoluments drawn prior to 1st November 1956. There has thus been no loss of emoluments."

We wrote to him in the above terms and he kept quiet.

Sri Y. VEERAPPA.—Was not this fact discussed when the State representatives at the Conference held in Summer last or in December 1956 and they arrived at the conclusion that the substantive pay of the persons should not be affected?

Sri T. MARIAPPA.—I do not know about the Conference of Representatives. State representatives are only Government representatives. I do not remember to have attended any conference in December last. But we had appointed an official committee to go into the question of pay scales. The Mascarenhas Committee had gone into it and its recommendations had not been given effect to. We appointed an official committee and they submitted a report and that report was considered by the Government and we had decided on 29th December 1956, that new scales of pay should be introduced from 1st January 1957, and that the interim relief which had been granted by my Hon'ble friend Kadidal Manjappa should cease with effect from that date in respect of officials who opted to those scales. It was only interim relief—interim, because on the eve of the Reorganisation of States, the old Mysore Government did not want to complicate matters and so they gave some relief.

Sri C. J. MUCKANNAPPA.—I raise a point of order. This House has got certain rules and regulations to be followed. The members are entitled to sit in the House. The Press has got the privilege to sit in the House. The Officers have got the privilege to sit in

the Officers' gallery. Is it in order if any other member sits in this House?

Mr. SPEAKER.—There is no point of order. If there is any violation, it may be brought to my notice. What is the use of saying that it is a point of order? (*Interruption*) When I say it is not a point of order, it must be accepted. You have brought certain facts to my notice. I will look into them.

Sri M. C. NARASIMHAN.—Has Government made any reference to the Government of India in regard to this matter?

Sri T. MARIAPPA.—We have satisfied the Accountant General.

Sri M. C. NARASIMHAN.—The answer says 'declared intention of the Government and so on'. Since the Accountant General expresses an opinion contrary to your opinion, was it not necessary to write to the Government of India and seek clarification?

Sri T. MARIAPPA.—There was no such thing. The Accountant General had merely drawn our attention as to what had been done. We gave a clarification and thereafter he kept quiet.

Mr. SPEAKER.—Question time is over.

Minister's Statement.

Sri M. P. PATIL (Minister for Revenue).—I want to make a statement with reference to question No. 796 put by Sri K. L. Narasimhiah. When this question was being replied by me, I assured the Hon'ble House that I would make enquiries regarding the expenses incurred in connection with the committees appointed. I have made enquiries and wish to give information to this House.

In this connection, two committees were appointed. One committee was appointed in 1930. That committee consisted purely of officers and they have drawn T.A. in ordinary course. No other expenses were incurred in connection with that Committee. The other committee was appointed in 1948 which is called Gundappa Gowda Committee. For that committee, the Government had incurred expenses of

Rs. 41,096-5-5. The details of expenses are—

	Rs. a. p.
Pay of the officer who was the Secretary	13,529-5-8
Pay of Establishment including D.A.	15,105-14-0
Contingent charges ...	4,461-1-9
Honorarium to the Chairman	8,000-0-0
Total ...	41,096-5-5

QUESTIONS FOR ANSWERS ON THE DAY

(but not taken up)

Survey to provide proper Housing Arrangements for Agricultural Labourers in Hiriyr Town.

Q.—1655. Sri K. KENCHAPPA (Hiriyr).—

Will the Government be pleased to state:—

(a) whether they are aware that Agriculture Labourers in Hiriyr Town are living in large numbers in congested and unhealthy area ;

(b) whether they propose to undertake survey in this behalf ?

A.—Sri R. CHENNIGARAMAIAH (Minister for Local Self-Government).—

(a) Yes.

(b) No. The local municipal authorities have to take action to get the area surveyed.

Recovery of Establishment Charges from non-residential students of Agricultural College, Hebbal.

Q.—1990. Sri T. PARTHASARATHY (Malleswaram).—

Will the Government be pleased to state:—

(a) whether it is a fact that establishment charges are being recovered

from students who are not residing in the Hostel attached to the Agricultural College at Hebbal ;

(b) the amount recovered from each student during the past five years ;

(c) the object of recovering hostel establishment charges from non-residential students ;

(d) whether such practice is prevailing in other residential colleges also ;

(e) whether it is a fact that the non-residential students bring and take their own food under tree shades and that they are not even provided with drinking water ?

A.—Sri H. S. RUDRAPPA (Minister for Agriculture).—

(a) Yes.

(b) Details of establishment charges collected from each student for the years 1952-53 to 1956-57 are given below :—

Sl. No.	Year	Rate per student per month.
1.	1952-53	Rs. 5 10 0
2.	1953-54	„ 4 12 6
3.	1954-55	„ 4 14 0
4.	1955-56	„ 5 9 6
5.	1956-57	„ 5 10 0

(c) Unlike other colleges it is essential that the students of Agricultural College should reside at the Campus as they will have to attend to field work on the farm attached thereto in addition to class work. The staff employed at the Hostel is therefore on this basis, i.e., on the total number of students admitted to the College. That some of the students are allowed, as a special case, to stay outside, is itself a concession and this cannot entitle them to escape the payment of establishment charges and impose additional burden on those who are not given that concession.

(d) This practice does not obtain in the Dharwar Agricultural College.

(e) No.